SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

Product identifier :	Additin® RC 8220
Material Number :	56771526
Identified uses	Corrosion inhibitor and Reducing agent.
Supplier/Manufacturer :	LANXESS Corporation Rhein Chemie Additives 111 RIDC Park West Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15275-1112 USA
	For information: US/Canada (800) LANXESS International +1 412 809 1000
In case of emergency :	Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 International (703) 527-3887 Lanxess Emergency Phone (800) 410-3063.

Section 2. Hazards identification

HAZCOM Standard Status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Physical state	: Powder.
Color	: White. to Slight dyed
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation.
Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) <u>Precautionary statements</u>	: None known.
Prevention	: Wear eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance		
CAS number	: 95-14-7		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Benzotriazole		100	95-14-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

		<u>×</u>
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Use fingers to ensure that eyelids are separated and that the eye is being irrigated.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. If not breathing, if breathing is irregulor or respiratory arrest occurs, provide artifical respiration, or oxygen by a trained professional, using a pocket type respirator.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
Inhalation	:	May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	1	May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	om	I <u>S</u>
Eye contact	:	Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Potential chronic health effects

Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No special measures required.

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In the event of fire be aware of formation of noxious fumes. Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accide	ntal release measures

Personal precautions, : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from protective equipment and entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No emergency procedures flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains **Environmental precautions** and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust containment and cleaning up with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Remove mechanically by a method that minimizes the generation of airborne dust (vacuum cleaner, wet mopping, etc.) Ensure vacuum cleaners are approved for explosible dusts. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product

Section 7. Handling and storage

	residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Put on appropriate personal protection equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Consult National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 654 Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids for details on the safe handling and equipment design.
Conditions for safe storage :	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Minimize dust generation and accumulation, especially on elevated surfaces (e.g., roof beams and trusses, ventilation ducts, wall sills). A dust layer just 1/32nd of an inch(0.793 mm) deep on elevated surfaces may create a dust cloud explosion hazard.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Personal protection	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Respiratory protection	: Although no exposure limit has been established for this product, the OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) of 15 mg/m3 - total dust, 5 mg/m3 - respirable fraction is recommended. In addition, the ACGIH recommends 3 mg/m3 - respirable particles and 10 mg/m3 - inhalable particles for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS). The following respirator is recommended if airborne concentrations exceed the appropriate standard/guideline. NIOSH approved, air-purifying particulate respirator with N-95 filters.
Skin protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Suitable protective footwear.
Eye/face protection	: chemical splash goggles.
Medical Surveillance	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid. [Crystalline powder.]	
Color	: White. to Slight dyed	
Odor	: Characteristic. [Slight]	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Boiling point	: >200 °C (1013 hPa)	
Melting point	: 94 to 99°C (201.2 to 210.2°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Flash point	:	Closed cup: 195°C (383°F) [DIN 51758]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Explosion limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	<0.0001 hPa (25°C)
Density	1	1.36 g/cm ³
Specific gravity (Relative density)	1	Not available.
Solubility	:	19 g/l (water)
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	not available
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Combustibility at 20 °C	:	BZ 1 = no ignition (VDI 2263).
Combustibility at 100 °C	:	BZ 2 = brief ignition and rapid extinction (VDI 2263).
Ignition temperature	:	400°C
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions	 No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products	 Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reducing agents, oxidizing agents, acids and bases Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	mal contact. Eye contact	. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	ses serious eye irritation	. May cause mechanical irritation (abrasion).
Inhalation	່ give off gas, vapor or dເ em.	ust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory
Skin contact	cause mechanical irritat	tion (abrasion).
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	
Symptoms related to the phy	nemical and toxicologi	cal characteristics
Eye contact	ses irritation with sympto	oms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.
Inhalation	specific data.	
Skin contact	specific data.	
Ingestion	ptoms of ingestion may	include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
Potential chronic health effe		
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential delayed effects	available.	
General	eated or prolonged inhal	ation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity
Developmental effects
Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
Benzotriazole	LD50 Oral	Rat	560 mg/kg	-	-
Benzotriazole	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
Benzotriazole	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1910 mg/m³	3 hours	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observatio	Reversibility
Benzotriazole	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0	72 hours	_	_
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	72 hours	_	_
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	72 hours	_	_
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	72 hours	_	_
	Eyes - Edema of the	Rabbit	0.66	72 hours	_	Fully
	conjunctivae					reversible
	conjunctivac					in more
						than 7 days
	Eyes - Redness of the	Rabbit	0	72 hours	-	-
	conjunctivae Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	24 hours		
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0.66	48 hours	_	_
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0.00	24 hours	-	-
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0.33	48 hours	-	-
		Rabbit	1.33	24 hours	-	
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1.55	24 110015	-	Fully reversible in more than 7 days
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1.66	48 hours	-	Fully reversible in more than 7 days
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1.33	24 hours	-	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.33	48 hours	-	-

Skin

: Benzotriazole:Non-irritating: tested on rabbits.

Eyes

: Benzotriazole:slightly irritant: tested on rabbit eyes.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Benzotriazole	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Benzotriazole	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Bacteria	
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	

Product/ingredient name	CAS #	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Benzotriazole	95-14-7	Not classified.	Not classified.	Not classified.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzotriazole	- A	Acute EC50 75 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 15.8 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 180 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	-	Chronic EC10 1.18 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	-	Chronic EC50 0.97 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia galeata	21 days

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Benzotriazole	OECD 302B Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test Closed bottle test.	83 % - Inherent - 28 days 0 % - Not readily - 5 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summon/		•	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Benzotriazole	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Benzotriazole	1.34	4.14	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal state, provincial and or local environmental controls laws.
RCRA classification	: If discarded in its purchased form, this product would not be a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. (40

Section 14. Transport information

CFR 261.20-24)

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	-	-	-	-		Not regulated.
IMDG Class	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (BENZOTRIAZOLE)	9	111		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-A, S-F
IATA-DGR Class	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (BENZOTRIAZOLE)	9	111		Passenger aircraft 956: 400 kg Cargo aircraft 956: 400 kg

PG* : Packing group

RQ

: 0 lbs

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 311/312

: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous	:	None
Substances		
SARA Title III Section 313	:	None
Toxic Chemicals		
US EPA CERCLA	1	None
Hazardous Subtances (40		
CFR 302.4)		
State regulations		

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections on the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

Section 15. Regulatory information Ingredient name CAS number State Code Concentration (%) Benzotriazole 95-14-7 MA - S 100 Benzotriazole 95-14-7 MA - S 100 Massachusetts Substances: MA - S Massachusetts Substances: MA - S 100 Massachusetts Extraordinary Hazardous Substances: MA - Extra HS Very Jersey Hazardous Substances: NJ - HS Very Jersey Hazardous Substances: PA - RTK HS Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: PA - RTK HS Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances: PA - Special HS Very Jersey Hazardous Substances: PA - Special HS

California Prop. 65

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemicals, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

U.S. Toxic Substances : Listed on the TSCA Inventory. Control Act

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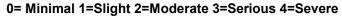
Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System Health1Flammability1Physical hazards0

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)





LANXESS' method of hazard communication is comprised of Product Labels and Safety Data Sheets. HMIS and NFPA ratings are provided by LANXESS as a customer service.

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Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

⁰⁼Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme *=Chronic

Section 16. Other information

This information is furnished without warranty, express or implied. This information is believed to be accurate to the best knowledge of LANXESS Corporation. The information in this SDS relates only to the specific material designated herein. LANXESS Corporation assumes no legal responsibility for use of or reliance upon the information in this SDS.